

In conventional fixed order calcⁿs there's a renormalization scale, μ_R , and **all** the running couplings, α s, are evaluated at that it

The running α 's encodes some higher order corrⁿs with ren. scale. μ R

Standard LO calcⁿ

• In terms of diagrams, each $\alpha_{s}(\mu)$ factor is associated to a vertex

e pee p

μ

µ e µ ee µ ee

In terms of diagrams, each $\alpha_{s}(\mu)$ factor is associated to a vertex correction & sqrt-self-energy corrⁿs around it at scale μ

Standard LO calcⁿ

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- PDF factorisation scale is often set equal to the ren. scale
- Can be thought of as a sort of renormalization scale for radiative corrⁿs associated to the incoming external legs

qmax

Shower calcⁿ to LO O(α s⁴) is very similar to standard fixed order LO

 $d\sigma = dx_1 dx_2 d\Phi_{HJJ} f_{h_1}(x_1, \mu_F) f_{h_2}(x_2, \mu_F) \frac{1}{75} M^{P.S.}(\Phi_{HJJ})$

Integrate Phase over incoming space momentum for fractions HJJ PDFs

eegeeeee

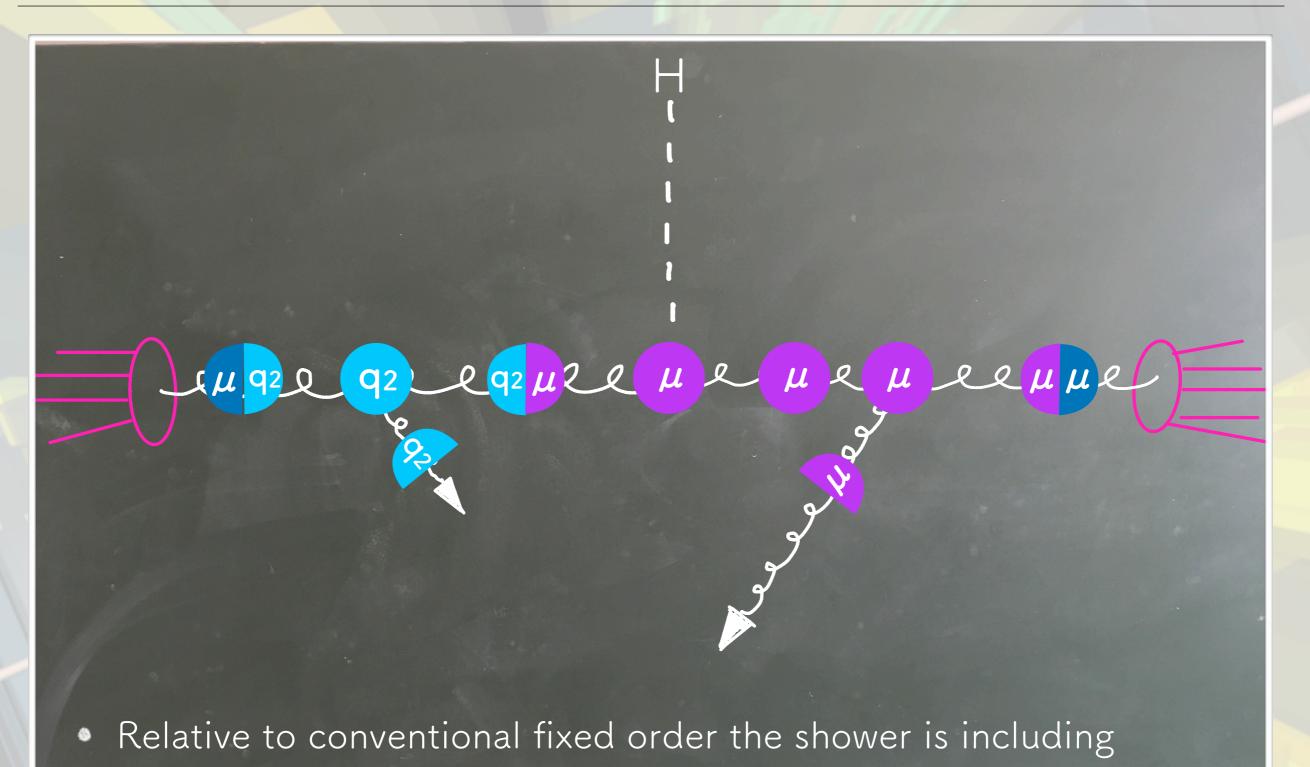
Flux factor matrix element for HJJ in small angle approx

 $O(\swarrow^4_{\varsigma})$

Shower calcⁿ to LO O(α s⁴) is very similar to standard fixed order LO

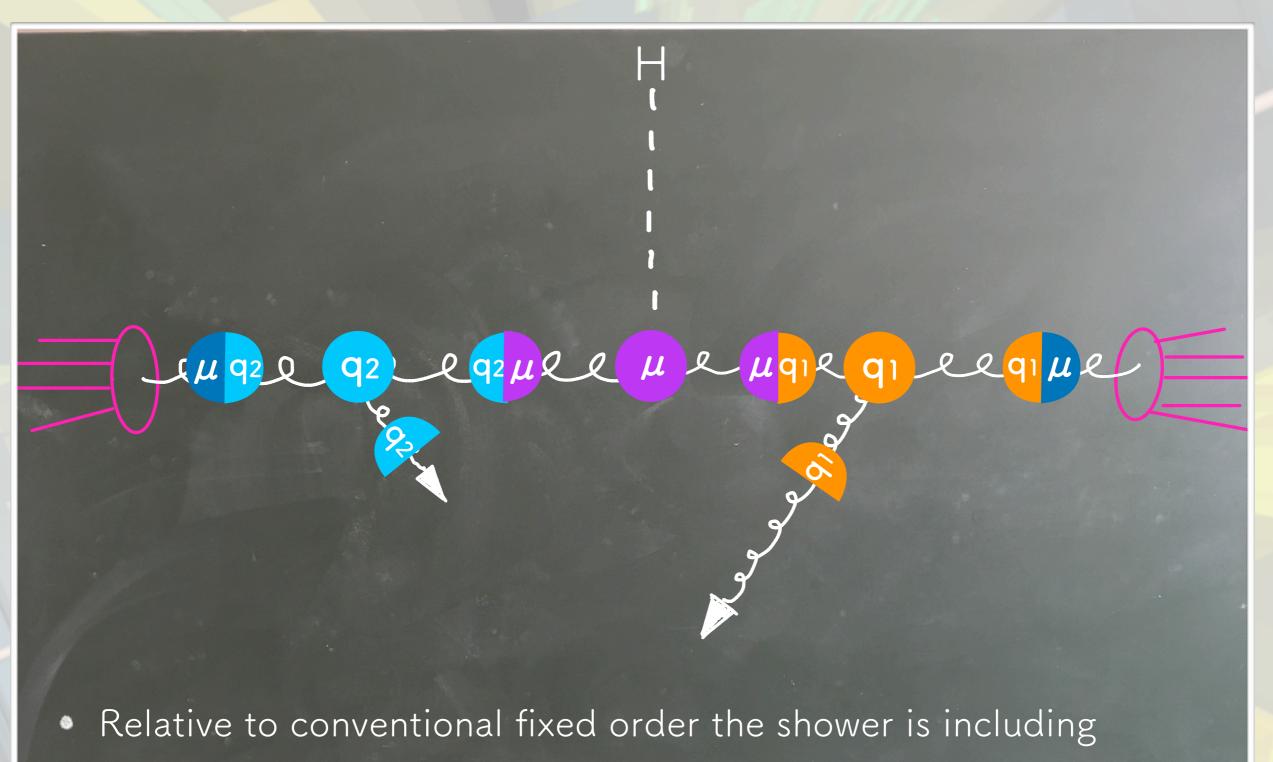


- Emissions strongly ordered in hardness factorise from one another
- In PS each branching is like its own <u>simple</u> process with own scale
- Evaluating each α_s(μ) associated to a branching vertex at branching's own p_T sums large class of higher order corrⁿs



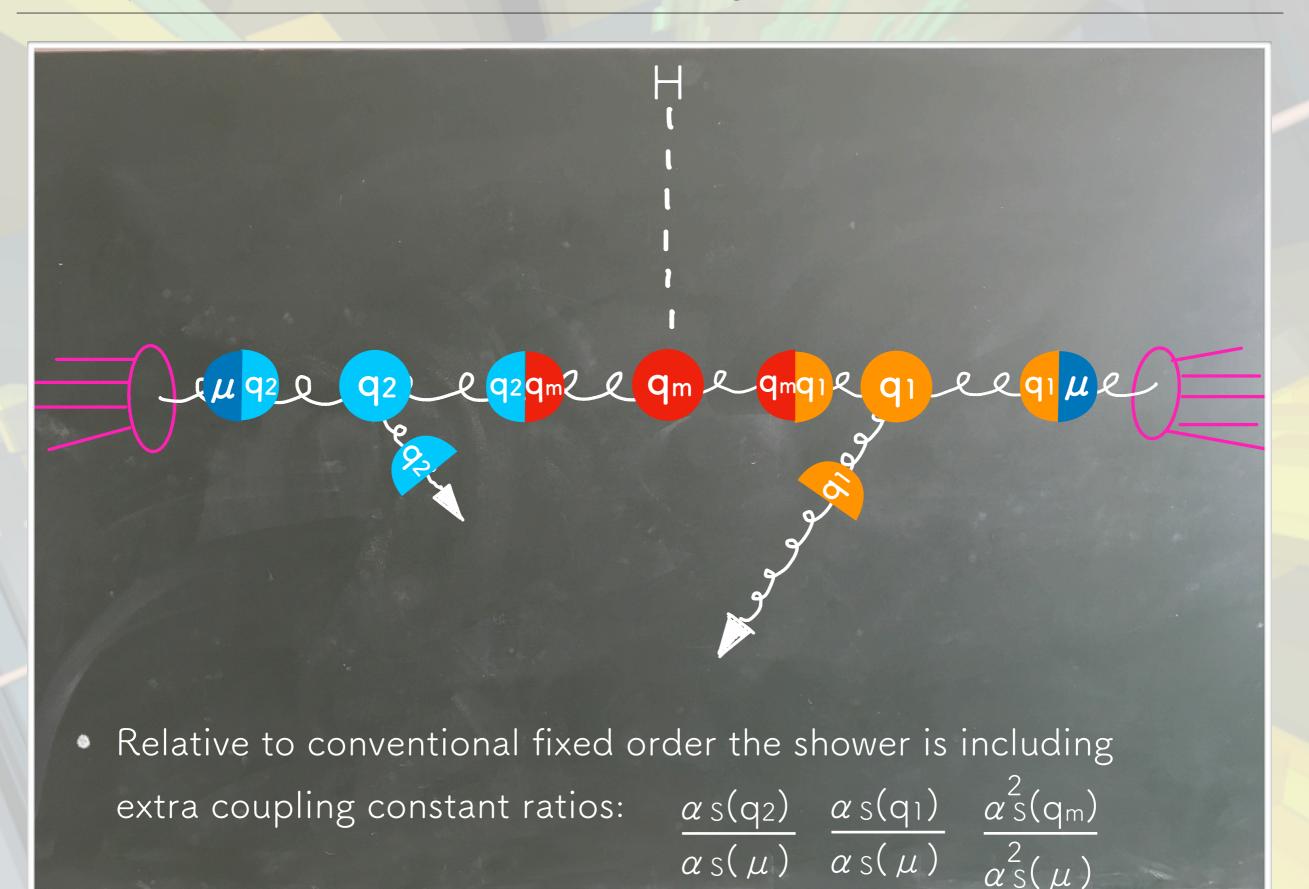
extra coupling constant ratios:

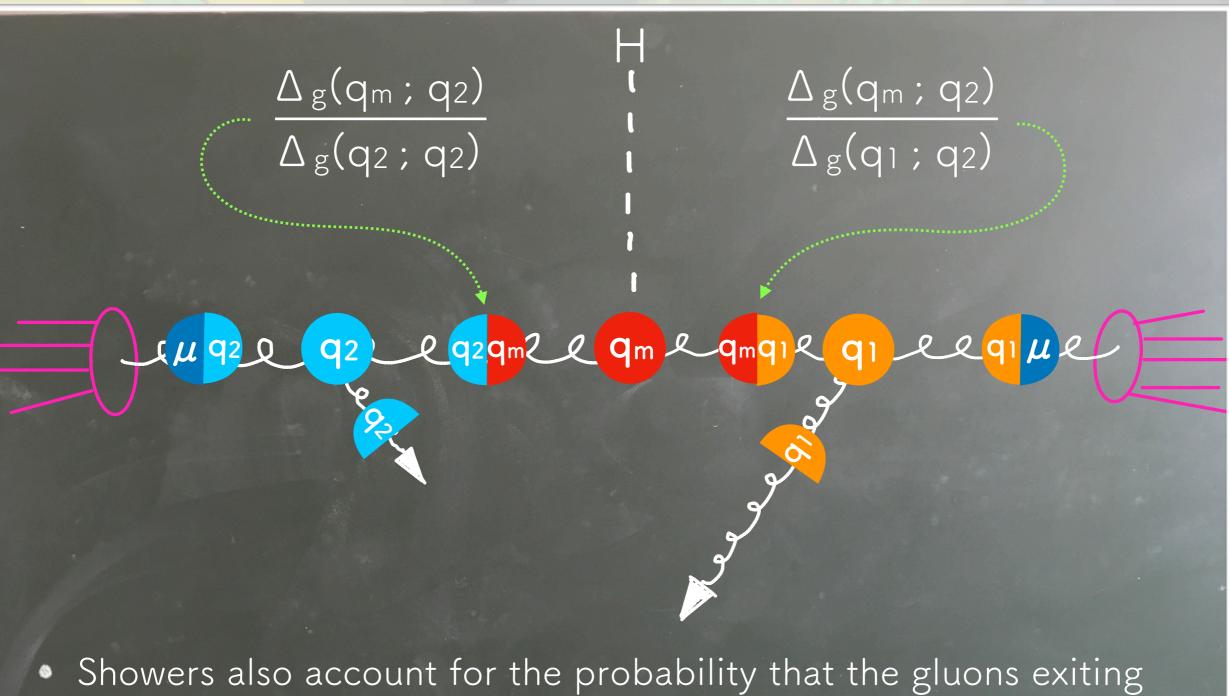
 $\frac{\alpha s(q_2)}{\alpha s(\mu)}$



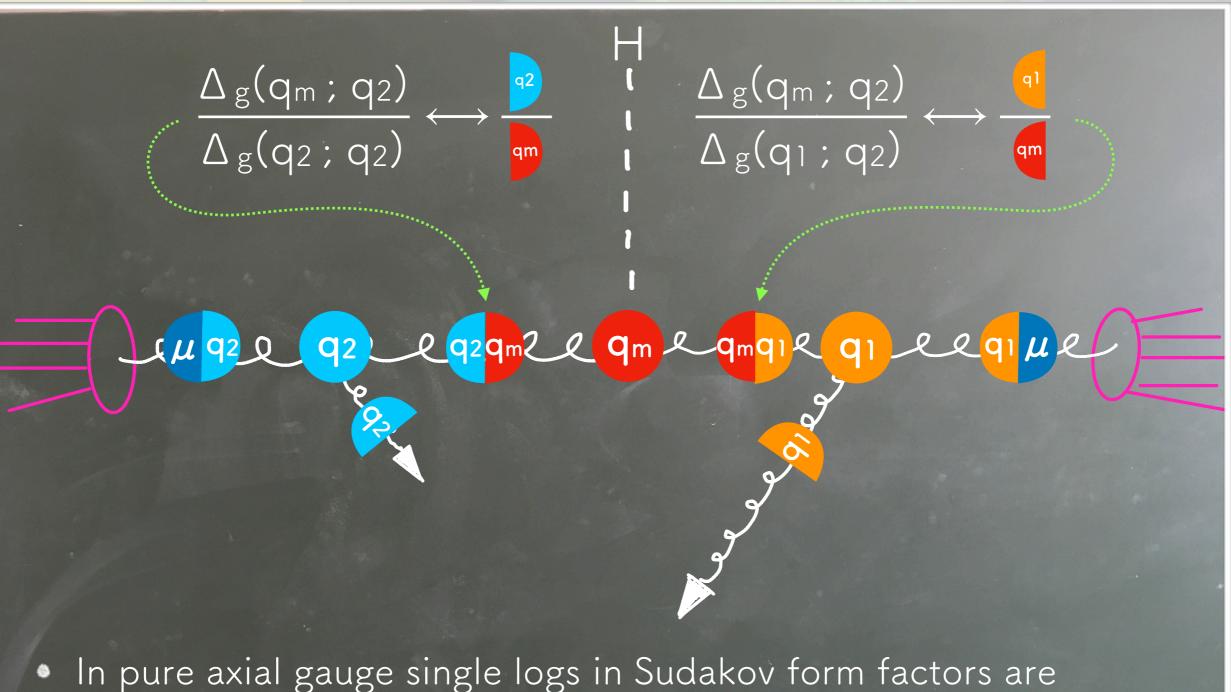
extra coupling constant ratios:

 $\frac{\alpha s(q_2)}{\alpha s(\mu)} \quad \frac{\alpha s(q_1)}{\alpha s(\mu)}$

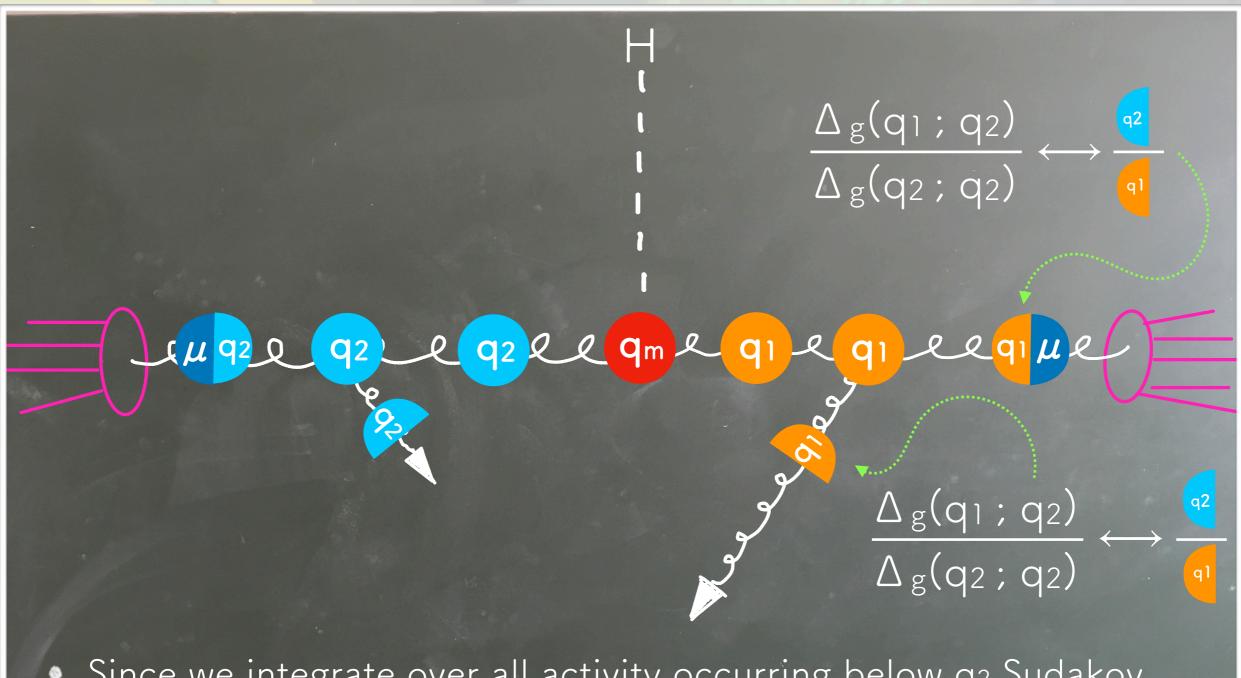




gg \rightarrow H vertex evolve from q_m to q_1 and q_2 without emitting any resolvable radⁿ [q>q₂] : Sudakov form factors



In pure axial gauge single logs in Sudakov form factors are readily identified as ratios of self-energies; i.e. ratios of halfself-energy corrections in this amplitude level cartoon



 Since we integrate over all activity occurring below q₂ Sudakov factors are also needed to account for any external legs produced above q₂ evolving down to q₂